PDP-8 FAMILY PAPER TAPE SYSTEM USER'S GUIDE

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Your attention is invited to the last two pages of this manual. The Reader's Comments page, when filled in and returned, is beneficial to both you and DEC. All comments received are considered when documenting subsequent manuals, and when assistance is required, a knowledgeable DEC representative will contact you. The Software Information page offers you a means of keeping upto-date with DEC's software.

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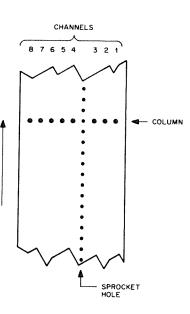
Documents Referenced:

Read-In Mode Loader Binary Loader HELP Loader Symbolic Tape Editor PAL III Symbolic Assembler MACRO-8 Assembler BK SABR Assembler DDT-8 ODT-8 FOCAL 4K FORTRAN 8K FORTRAN 8K FORTRAN TC01 Bootstrap Loader DECtape Programming TC01/TU55 DECtape Formatter Disk Monitor System Introduction to Programming PDP-8/1 and PDP-8/1 User's	DEC-08-LRAA-D DEC-08-LBAA-D DEC-08-LHAA-D DEC-08-ESAB-D DEC-08-ASAC-D DEC-08-CMAA-D DEC-08-CDDB-D DEC-08-CDDB-D DEC-08-COCO-D DEC-08-AJAD-D DEC-08-AFC0-D DEC-08-KFXB-D DEC-08-KFXB-D DEC-08-SUC0-D DEC-08-SUC0-D DEC-08-SDAB-D C-18
PDP-8/I and PDP-8/L User's Handbook	ABM

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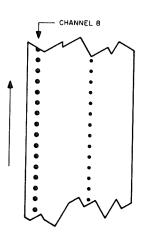
DEC	PDP
FLIP CHIP	FOCAL
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Data are recorded (punched) on paper tape by groups of holes arranged in a definite format along the length of the tape. The tape is divided into <u>channels</u> which run the length of the tape, and into <u>columns</u> which extend across the width of the tape as shown in the adjacent diagram. The paper tape readers and punches used with the PDP-8/1 computers accept 8-channel paper tape. The various formats are briefly explained and identified below.



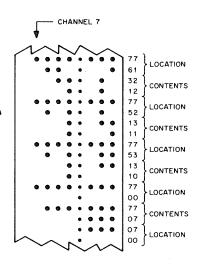
Leader/Trailer Format

Leader/trailer tape is used to introduce and conclude the object program when punched on paper tape. Leader/trailer tape can be recognized by a consistent channel 8 punch only as shown in the adjacent diagram.



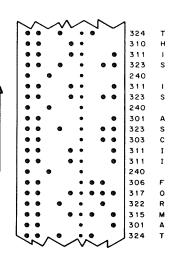
RIM Format

Paper tape punched in RIM format can be identified by the absence of a channel 8 punch, and by a channel 7 punch in every fourth column. The channel 7 punch indicates the start of a line of coding, and that (the first) column and the second column contain the location and the third and fourth columns contain the contents of the location.



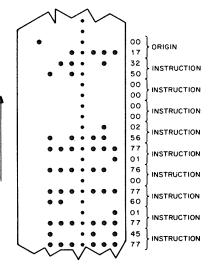
USASCII Format

USASCII (USA Standard Code for Information Interchange) format uses all eight channels to represent a single character (letter, number, or symbol) as shown in the adjacent diagram.



Binary Format

Binary format can be recognized by the absence of a channel 8 punch, an occasional channel 7 punch, and frequent sections of blank tape. The channel 7 punch denotes an origin of a program or subprogram or a change in origin, and subsequent columns contain the instructions (two columns per instruction) or data of succeeding locations.



ABBREVIATIONS

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The abbreviations listed below are used throughout the guide.

Abbreviations	Meaning
AC	Accumulator
ADDR	Address
B.SP.	Back Space
BIN	Binary
CLC	Current Location Counter
CONT	Continue
CR	Carriage Return
CR/LF	Carriage Return-Line Feed
CTRL/L	Control/L (represents holding down the CTRL
	key while depressing the L key or the key
	following the slash)
DEC	Digital Equipment Corporation
DEP DF	Deposit Data Field
EAE	Extended Arithmetic Element
EXAM	Examine
IF	Instruction Field
INST	Instruction
L	Link
LF	Line Feed
LOAD ADD	Load Address
LOC	Location
LSP	Low-Speed Punch
LSR	Low-Speed Reader
HSP	High-Speed Punch
HSR	High-Speed Reader
KBRD	Keyboard
PC	Program Counter
PROG	Program
MA	Memory Address
MB	Memory Buffer
MQ MRI	Multiplier Quotient
	Memory Reference Instruction
REL	Release
RIM	Read-In Mode
SA SHIFT Ø	Starting Address
shift/p sing inst	Shift/P (similar to CTRL/L) Single Instruction
SING STEP	Single Step
SR	Switch Register
SW	Console Switches
TTY	Teletype
USASCII	USA Standard Code for Information Interchange

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SECTION 2

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SYSTEM PROGRAMS

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READ-IN MODE (RIM) LOADER

PURPOSE

The RIM Loader is used to load into core memory programs punched on paper tape in RIM format, e.g., the Binary Loader. (See DEC-08-LRAA-D for details.)

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

RIM requires locations 7756-7776 (21₈ locations). Starting Address=7756.

LOADING

RIM is loaded (toggled) into core memory using the console switches. RIM can use either the low- or high-speed readers when loading RIM coded program tapes into core. The locations and corresponding instructions for both input devices are listed below.

	Instruction			
Location	Low-Speed Reader	High-Speed Reader		
7756	6032	6014		
7757	6031	6011		
7760	5357	5357		
7761	6036	6016		
7762	7106	7106		
7763	7006	7006		
7764	7510	7510		
7765	5357	5374		
7766	7006	7006		
7767	6031	6011		
7770	5367	5367		
7771	6034	6016		
7772	7420	7420		
7773	3776	3776		
7774	3376	3376		
7775	5356	5357		
7776	0000	0000		

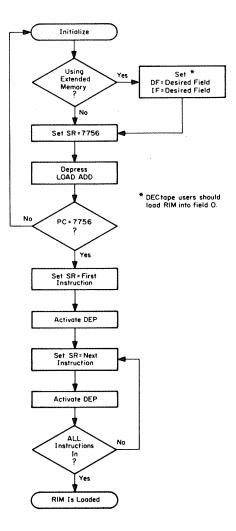
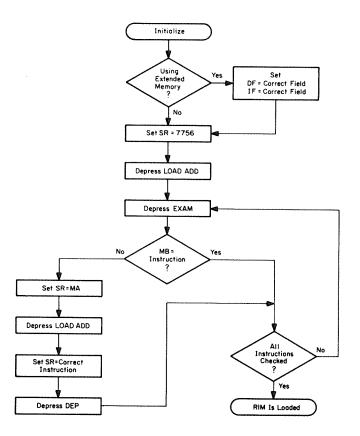


Figure RIM-1 Loading the RIM Loader



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Figure RIM-2 Checking the RIM Loader

PURPOSE

The HELP Loader is used to quickly load into core memory the RIM and BIN Loader programs. (See DEC-08-LHAA-D for details.)

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

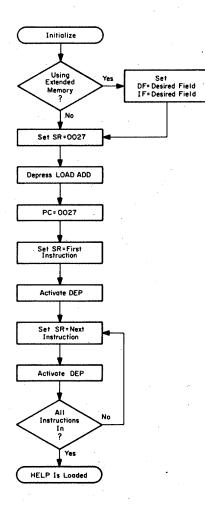
HELP uses locations 0005–0036 (32 $_8$ locations) to load the HELP tape into core. The HELP tape contains the RIM and BIN Loaders.

LOADING

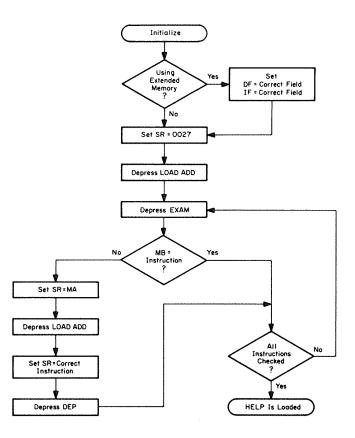
HELP is in two parts: The first part consists of the 11₈ instructions shown below, which are toggled into core using the console switches. The second part is the HELP Bootstrap Loader punched on paper tape, which is loaded into core using the low-speed reader.

HELP

	Location	Instruction	
REVISED HELP LOADER STARTER R.B.W.	0027 0030 0031 0032 0033 0034 0035 0036 0037 0040	6031 5027 6036 7450 5027 7012 7010 3007 2036 5027	
27 6031 KSF 30 5027 JMP1 31 6036 KRB 32 7440 SZA 33 2036 ISZ 36 34 7012 ETR 35 7010 RAR 36 3006 DCA 6 37 5027 JMP 27			







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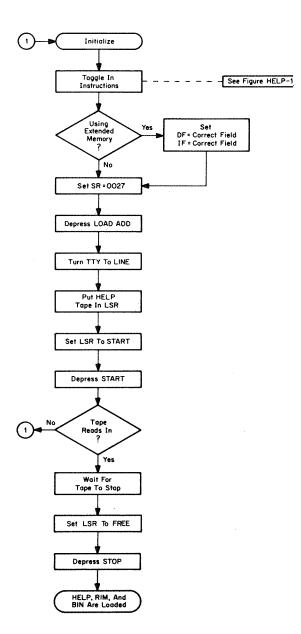
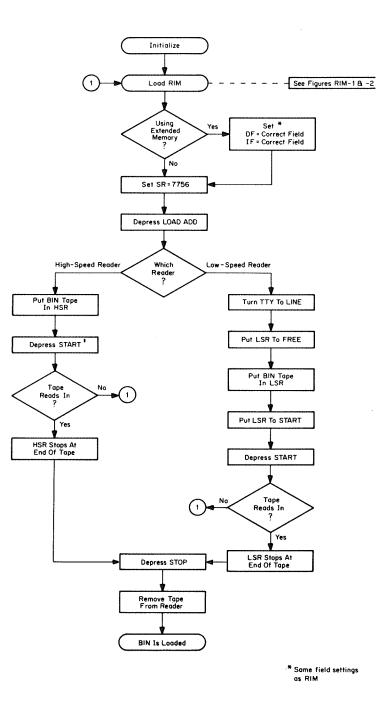


Figure HELP-3 Loading the HELP Bootstrap Tape Into Core

BINARY (BIN) LOADER

PURPOSEThe BIN Loader is used to load into core memory binary coded programs
punched on paper tape. When in core, BIN can be destroyed only by the
user's program because DEC's programs (excluding Disk Monitor) do not
use the last page of core (location 7600-7777). See DEC-08-LBAA-D
for details.)STORAGE
REQUIREMENTSBIN occupies locations 7625-7752 and 7777 (123
Address=7777LOADINGRIM is used to load BIN into core. BIN must be loaded into the same field
as RIM, and the input device (low- or high-speed reader) must be that which

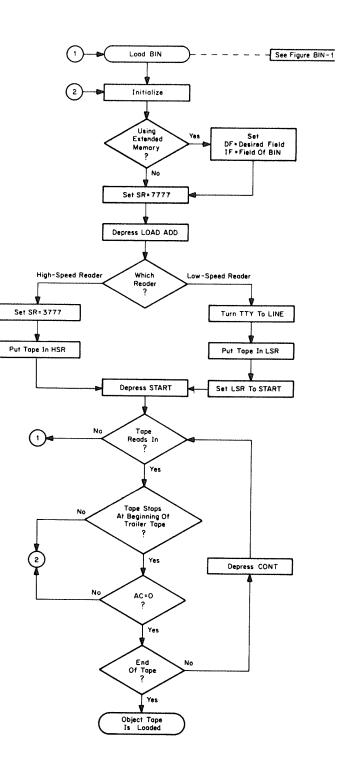
was selected when loading RIM.



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Figure BIN-1 Loading the BIN Loader



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Figure BIN-2 Loading A Binary Coded Object Tape Using BIN

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