

Software Product Description

PRODUCT NAME: VAX BASIC, Version 3.3

SPD 25.36.19

DESCRIPTION

VAX BASIC is an interactive, shareable language processor for the VMS Operating System. VAX BASIC takes full advantage of the VAX floating point, decimal, and character instructions.

VAX BASIC provides a high-performance program development environment for both applications development and timesharing, by generating in-line VMS native mode instructions. It combines the power of a structured programming language with the interactivity of the BASIC environment and the convenience of easy-to-use graphics statements. VAX BASIC is also integrated with various programming productivity tools and with key components of the VAX Information Architecture.

In addition to elementary BASIC features, VAX BASIC provides:

- Support for the following Programming Productivity Tools:
 - VMS Symbolic Debugger
 - VAX Language-Sensitive Editor
 - VAX Source Code Analyzer
 - VAX Performance and Coverage Analyzer
- Access to the VAX Information Architecture
 - RECORD structure for user-defined data types (similar to PASCAL record types)
 - RECORD structure retrieval from the Common Data Dictionary
- Structured Programming Constructs
 - Line numbers completely optional
 - DECLARE statement removes requirement for (%) and (\$) suffixes
 - IF...THEN...ELSE...END IF conditional blocks
 - SELECT...CASE...END SELECT multi-way decision blocks
 - OTHERWISE out-of-range clause for ON GOTO and ON GOSUB statements
 - Structured exception handling (WHEN blocks) for main and subprograms
- Statement modifiers to control the execution of a single statement
- PROGRAM, SUB, FUNCTION and PICTURE statements to declare program modules
- END and EXIT PROGRAM statements to return a status to DCL
- Modern Programming Language Features
 - 31 character alphanumeric statement labels
 - 31 character variable names, allowing (\$), () and (.)
 - Explicit declarations provide access to many VAX data types
 - OPTION statement specifies compiler defaults within source modules
- Program segmentation
 - SUB, FUNCTION and PICTURE subprograms as individually-compiled modules
 - Ability to pass parameters BY VALUE, REFERENCE, or DESCRIPTOR
 - Up to 254 actual arguments per call on external modules
 - Ability to invoke EXTERNAL function procedures from BASIC
 - Recursive CALL/function invocation
 - Ability to invoke all VMS System Service and Run-Time Library routines
 - Subprograms and function programs written in other VMS native mode languages can be invoked from VAX BASIC
 - VAX BASIC program modules can be invoked by other VMS languages
 - Ability to pass optional arguments to non-BASIC procedures
 - Single and multi-line user-defined functions using DEF
 - COMMON and MAP statements for creating static storage areas for communication between program modules

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- Graphics
 - Statements modeled after ANSI BASIC Graphics
 - Implemented using VAX GKS to provide device independence
 - Graphic output primitives include points, lines, areas and text
 - Graphic input types include points, menu choice, value selection, and text
 - Ability to adjust the range of coordinate values to suit the application
 - SET and ASK statements to specify and retrieve graphic attribute values
 - Graphic procedures (PICTURE subprograms) for building complex objects
 - Ability to apply transformations to PICTURE procedures
- Full access to VAX Record Management Services (VAX RMS)
 - Sequential I/O
 - Relative I/O
 - Multi-key Indexed I/O operations, including support for integer (WORD, LONGWORD and QUADWORD), string, segmented string keys, packed decimal keys and descending keys.
 - Random access to sequential fixed files
 - Virtual Arrays (arrays mapped onto disk structures)
 - Record File Address (RFA) access for direct access to records
- Extended Report Formatting Capabilities
 - Suppression of zero fields
 - Zero fill, blank fill, or asterisk fill numeric fields
 - Commas in large numeric value
 - CR (credit) or DR (debit) indicators
 - Floating currency symbol for numeric fields
 - Currency and decimal symbols can be changed for foreign usage
 - FORMAT\$ function accepts full PRINT USING editing syntax
- Implicit or Explicit storage declarations
 - Specification of data types permitted on COMMON, DECLARE, DEF, DIMENSION, EXTERNAL, FUNCTION, MAP, PICTURE, RECORD and SUB statements
 - Default data allocation rules can be specified with DCL qualifiers, BASIC commands, or by the OPTION statement in program text
 - By default all declarations are implicit, however, the option TYPE= EXPLICIT can be used to require explicit declaration of all variables
- Default constant types can be specified with the OPTION CONSTANT TYPE statement
- Integer data type allows:
 - BYTE with range of -128 to +127 (8 bit)
 - WORD with range of -32768 to +32767 (16 bit)
 - LONG with range of -2147483648 to +2147483647 (32 bit)
- Real data type allows:
 - SINGLE with range of .29x10**38 to 1.70x10**38 (6 digits)
 - DOUBLE with range of .29x10**38 to 1.70x10**38 (16 digits)
 - GFLOAT with range of .56x10**308 to .90x10**308 (15 digits)
 - HFLOAT with range of .84x10**-4932 to .59x10**4932 (33 digits)
- Packed DECIMAL type supports up to 31 digits
- STRING data type, allowing both static (in MAP or COMMON statements) and dynamic lengths
- Creation of user-defined named constants through DECLARE CONSTANT
- Dynamic record definition and variable allocation via MAP DYNAMIC
- BASIC Programming Support Environment
 - RUN command for immediate execution of BASIC programs
 - EDIT command can invoke a user-selected editor directly
 - HELP for on-line assistance
 - SEQUENCE command for generating line numbers
 - RESEQUENCE command for renumbering program lines
 - Direct execution of BASIC statements (immediate mode)
 - Direct execution of DEC Command Language (DCL) statements
 - Optional Line-by-Line syntax checking
 - Dynamic linking (LOAD) of separately-compiled BASIC modules for use with the RUN command
 - User-created libraries can be searched automatically when using RUN
- Compile-Time Directives
 - Text inclusion through %INCLUDE, %INCLUDE %FROM %CDD and %INCLUDE from a text library
 - Conditional compilation (%IF)
 - Listing and cross-reference output control (%NOLIST, %LIST, %CROSS)

- EXTERNAL statement, which allows access to global variables, functions, and constants, and allows data typing of parameters to aid in minimizing run-time mismatches
- Language Subsets and Subset Flaggers
 - BASIC-PLUS-2 Subset Flagger for cross-system development
 - Declining Feature Flagger for program maintenance/conversion
 - Qualifier for ANSI Minimal BASIC conforming program execution
- Multi-line Statements and Multi-statement Lines
- Extensive array handling capabilities
 - Each array may have up to 32 dimensions
 - Each dimension may specify both a lower and upper bound
 - Array bounds can be specified at compile-time or run-time
 - Matrix handling statements allow manipulation of matrices, including matrix multiplication
- Compatibility with key RSTS/E BASIC-PLUS and BASIC-PLUS-2 features including:
 - ON ERROR GOTO exception handling
 - FIELD Statement
 - CVT and SWAP% functions
 - Virtual arrays
 - Selected nonprivileged SYS calls
 - Statement modifiers for conditionals and loops

VAX BASIC uses the full printable ASCII character set, and 8-bit character codes within constants and I/O operations.

Standard Conformance

ANSI Minimal BASIC Validated, December 1986

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

VAX, MicroVAX, or VAXstation configuration as specified in the System Support Addendum (SSA 25.36.19-x).

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS*

VMS Operating System

For VAXstation Systems:

VMS Workstation Software

OPTIONAL SOFTWARE*

To use %INCLUDE %FROM %CDD:

VAX Common Data Dictionary (CDD) is required.

To use the %REPORT %DEPENDENCY directive and the /DEPENDENCY_DATA qualifier:

VAX Common Data Dictionary/Plus (CDD/Plus) is required.

To use the /DIAGNOSTICS qualifier:

VAX Language-Sensitive Editor is required.

To use graphics statements:

VAX GKS Development or Run-time License is required.

To use the /ANALYSIS_DATA qualifier:

VAX Source Code Analyzer (SCA) is required.

* Refer to the System Support Addendum for availability and required versions of Required/Optional software (SSA 25.36.19-x).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Software Licenses: QL-095A*-**

Software Media: QA-095A*-**

Software Documentation: QA-095AA-GZ

Software Product Services: QT-095A*-**

* Denotes variant fields. For additional information on available licenses, services and media, refer to the appropriate price book.

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LICENSE MANAGEMENT FACILITY

This product incorporates support for the License Management Facility (LMF) found in VMS. For more information, refer to the documentation for this layered product or the VMS documentation. License units for this product are allocated on a per-CPU basis.

SOFTWARE PRODUCT SERVICES

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The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze the data. This includes both manual data entry and the use of specialized software tools. The goal is to ensure that the data is both accurate and easy to interpret.

The third part of the document provides a detailed breakdown of the results. It shows that there has been a significant increase in sales over the period covered by the report. This is attributed to several factors, including improved marketing strategies and a focus on customer service.

Finally, the document concludes with a series of recommendations for future actions. These include continuing to invest in marketing, maintaining high standards of customer service, and regularly reviewing financial performance to identify areas for improvement.

The second part of the document focuses on the financial aspects of the business. It provides a clear overview of the budget and how it was managed throughout the year. The author notes that the budget was largely adhered to, with only minor deviations.

A key finding is that the company's operating expenses have remained relatively stable, despite an increase in revenue. This indicates that the company is becoming more efficient in its operations. However, there are still areas where costs can be reduced, such as in the procurement of raw materials.

The document also discusses the company's debt and equity structure. It shows that the company has a healthy balance sheet and is well-positioned to handle any future financial challenges. The author suggests that the company should continue to explore opportunities for raising capital to support its growth.

In the final section, the author provides a summary of the overall financial performance. The company has achieved a strong return on investment and is on track to meet its long-term goals. The author expresses confidence in the company's future and believes that the strategies outlined in the report will continue to drive success.