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TITLE	OS/8 VAX Handler
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DATE	B, August 1980
SOURCE LANGUAGE	PAL8

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8-921

OS/8 VAX Handler

Version: B, August 1980

Author: Jim van Zee, Laboratory Data Systems, Seattle, Washington

Operating System: OS/8, OS/78, DS/8, PS/8, OS/12

Source Language: PAL3

Special Hardware Required: Serial line communications interface.

The VAX handler allows any PDP-8 or PDP-12 to send files to (or receive files from) a VAX computer. No special programs are required to do this: the handler may be used with any OS/8 program and presumes only the existence of the SCOPY command on the VAX. Only ASCII data may be transferred, but commands as well as data may be sent to the VAX, hence an OS/8 program can use this handler to do 'parallel processing' on data collected by the '8 or '12.

Restrictions: OS/8 FORTRAN-IV programs using this handler for input can only put output files on the system device.

52 ✓ 42, 43

The VAX Handler

The VAX handler allows OS/8 programs to transmit data back and forth to the VAX computer using only the \$COPY command and the VAX terminal (TT) handler. Line-feeds are suppressed during output to avoid double-spacing (the VAX doesn't ignore linefeed on input!), and the CTRL/Z at the end of the OS/8 file is sent as the last character, thereby terminating the \$COPY command automatically. (This limits file transfers to one-at-a-time (you can use PIP to merge several files) but it is a 'cleaner' mode of operation than requiring the user to manually enter the 'EOF' terminator after the copy operation.) To copy files from OS/8 to the VAX, do the following:

- 1) Login on the VAX
- 2) Issue a '\$ COPY TT: filespec' command
- 3) Return to OS/8
- 4) Issue a '\$ COPY VAX: <filename>' command

There are other possibilities, of course: any OS/8 program can be used to send data to the VAX: handler after steps 1 and 2 have been completed, the CUSP used by the COPY command (FOTP) being but one example. Other examples are: PIP (the PUNCH command invokes PIP), DIRECT, CREF, SRCCOM or any language (FOCAL, BASIC, FORTRAN, etc.). Just remember that the first CTRL/Z encountered will terminate the VAX \$COPY command, effectively 'disabling' the handler. Subsequent data is then interpreted as VAX DCL commands with unpredictable results!

Sending data in the other direction (from the VAX to OS/8) is just a little bit trickier since OS/8 does not do 'overlapped I/O' and so must stop the VAX whenever the input buffer fills up. It does this by sending a 'XOFF' (CTRL/S), but since the VAX does not respond immediately, it saves up to 8 'extra' characters in a buffer within the handler. The need to keep an impure copy of the handler in memory for the duration of the input transfer means that FORTRAN IV programs can only copy files from the VAX to the system device, since otherwise the VAX: handler will be swapped out occasionally, causing the loss of the characters in the buffer. There are no restrictions on the use of this handler for output.

The VAX command sequence for sending data to the '8 is essentially just the opposite of that used above: '\$COPY filespec TT:'. However it is quite obviously necessary to delay execution of this command until the OS/8 handler is ready to receive the data. This is done by simply not terminating the command (i.e. you don't type 'RETURN'!) - allowing the handler itself to send the terminator when it is finally ready for the data. This sequence causes the first characters to be the 'CR/LF' which is echoed in response to the terminator; hence the handler has been constructed to ignore the very first line of input.

The second problem encountered when sending data from the VAX to OS/8 is how to determine when the transmission is over. The VAX does not send any sort of EOF character (although it expects one itself!), so the only general way is to have a timeout loop: if the VAX: handler has to wait for more than approximately 0.3 seconds for a character it assumes the transmission is over and takes the 'EOF' return, which typically instructs the calling program to close the output file. (This delay is adjustable via a 'SET VAX LDC 300' command: change '-1' to '-N') A result of this method of EOF detection is that the file almost always ends up with the DCL prompt which is sent just as soon as the COPY command is finished. This, however, can be easily avoided by creating a small DCL command file which follows the \$COPY command with a 2 second \$WAIT. This ensures that the handler will time-out after the last data character and before the prompt. The following command file (called 'SENDS.COM') is suggested for this purpose:

\$ COPY 'P1 TT:
\$ WAIT 0::2

This set of commands can then be invoked typing '@SENDS filespec', or even more conveniently, by a 'SENDS filespec' command if you define the symbol 'SENDS' to be equal to '@SENDS' (just say 'SENDS=@SENDS'). Just remember not to type the 'RETURN' key at the end of the command - otherwise the data will be sent before the handler is ready! To transmit files from the VAX to any OS/8 program, just do the following:

- 1) Login on the VAX
- 2) Type 'SENDS filespec' (Note: don't type 'RETURN'!)
- 3) Return to OS/8
- 4) Type 'PUNCH filename<VAX:' (Note: you can't use 'COPY'!)

Again, the last step can be replaced by any sort of call to the VAX handler for input, for example, the SRCCOM program can be used to compare an OS/8 file with one stored on the VAX system. For the most part the handler overcomes the differences in the way files are structured on the two systems, but there is one anomaly in the VAX (V1.6) terminal handler which cannot be eliminated: it will not send back a 'formfeed', but instead simulates it with an appropriate number of linefeeds, based upon the setting of the 'PAGE' parameter for your terminal. Setting 'PAGE=0' eliminates the spurious LF's, but does not eliminate the need to edit the OS/8 file later on to put in the missing page markers. Fortunately V2.0 has a new 'SET TERM/MECHFORM' option which should eliminate this problem.

Other parameters which should be set are: TAB, HOSTSYNC, TTSYNC and WIDTH. The latter is especially important when sending files TO the VAX, since (quite surprisingly!) the terminal handler forces all -input- lines to break at the WIDTH specification. Thus if you are using the VAX: handler to create a listing file for the printer you will want to be sure to set WIDTH=140 or so - otherwise the file will be generated with lines no longer than 80 characters!

It is, of course, possible to send commands as well as data to the VAX, so with the proper sort of programming one can implement a 'dual processing' system. A feature of the handler which might be useful in this regard is that it does not transmit nulls (nulls are interpreted by the VAX as command terminators!). Thus interactive FOCAL programs, for example, can use the 'Output Buffer' command to send short commands to the VAX without having to constantly reload the handler.

To assemble the handler for use on your system, you must first know what device codes are used by the interface: the default values are '40' for 'receive', and '41' for 'transmit', which are the values used by the PDP-12 'dataphone' interface. These values should be edited into the source file, or put in a separate source file ahead of the file VAX.PA. Only 'INDVC' needs to be defined if the values are consecutive, otherwise define 'OUTDVC' as well. Once the handler is installed in the system there is no (easy) way to change the device codes since the 'SET DVC' command only works for handlers with a single DVC, while the 'SET CODE' command (which changes pairs of DVCs) only works for DEC's SLU handlers.

Having created the appropriate binary file, you can either use BUILD to install it, or if you have Version 3 of the SET program, you can .LOAD the binary, save it as a .HN ('handler') file, and then use the 'SET HANDLER' command to swap it with another handler which is already installed in your system. Do not expect the '/L' option in SET to list the VAX handler, however, since it has only limited intelligence. Similarly, RESORC thinks the name is 'NA' instead of 'VAX', 'device type' being '41'. The easiest way to fix this is to use FUTIL to find the sixbit string 'CDP' (card punch) in RESORC.SV, and replace it with 'VAX'.

/25 COMMUNICATIONS HANDLER FOR THE VAX

-JUZ-

/ THIS HANDLER ALLOWS A PDP8/12 TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE
/VAX TERMINAL HANDLER, USING THE XON/XOFF PROTOCOL (TT-
/SYNC AND HOSTSYNC) TO CONTROL TRANSMISSION. LINEFEEDS
/ARE SUPPRESSED DURING OUTPUT TO AVOID 'DOUBLE-SPACING'
/SINCE THE VAX DOES NOT HANDLE CR/LF PROPERLY! UP TO 8
/CHARACTERS ARE SAVED BETWEEN CALLS, SO PROGRAMS WHICH
/SWAP HANDLERS (I.E. FORTRAN IV), COULD LOSE CHARACTERS
/ONCE IN A WHILE DURING INPUT. CTRL/Z -IS SENT- DURING
/OUTPUT (WHICH CLOSES THE VAX FILE), & INPUT IS STARTED
/BY SENDING A 'NULL' TO TERMINATE THE DCL COMMAND LINE.

/THE 'END-OF-FILE' IS DETERMINED BY A TIME-OUT LOOP, SO
/TO AVOID GETTING THE COMMAND PROMPT IN THE FILE, IT IS
/CONVENIENT TO HAVE A 'WAIT' COMMAND FOLLOWING THE COPY
/WHICH WILL CAUSE THE HANDLER TO TIME-OUT AFTER RECEIPT
/OF JUST THE DATA FILE. THIS SET OF COMMANDS CAN THEN
/BE EQUATED TO THE SYMBOL 'SENDS' FOR CONVENIENT USAGE:

/ * COPY 'P1 TT:
/ * WAIT 0:12

/REMEMBER NOT TO TERMINATE THE 'SENDS' COMMAND (I.E. DO
/NOT TYPE 'RETURN'). THE HANDLER WILL SEND THE TERMI-
/NATOR WHEN IT IS READY FOR THE DATA.

0002 VERSION="B&77

IFDEF INDVC <INDVC=40>/STANDARD SLU DEVICE CODE
IFDEF OUTDVC <OUTDVC=INDVC+1>

6401 KKSF= INDVC^10+IOT 1 /SKIP ON INPUT FLAG
6402 KKCC= INDVC^10+IOT 2 /CLEAR I.F. AND A.C.
6404 KKRS= INDVC^10+IOT 4 /'OR' INPUT DATA WITH A.C.
6406 KKRB= KKCC KKRS /COMBINATION OF '2' AND '4'

6411 TTsf= OUTDVC^10+IOT 1 /SKIP ON DONE FLAG
6412 TTCF= OUTDVC^10+IOT 2 /CLEAR D.F.
6416 TTLS= OUTDVC^10+IOT 6 /XMIT CHAR, LEAVE IN THE A.C.

0000 PAGE 0

00000 7777 -1 /ONE ENTRY POINT

00001 2601 DEVICE VAX

00002 3000

00003 2601 DEVICE VAX

00004 3000

00005 0410 410 /DCB WORD (R/W/NONFILE, DEV 41)

00006 4000 VAX&177+4000 /ENTRY POINT (PLUS 2-PAGE FLAG)

00007 0000 ZBLOCK 2

0200 PAGE 1

```

53 00200 0002 VAX,    VERSION    /START AT THE VERY TOP
54 00201 7326      CLA STL RTL  /2=CDI-CDF
55 00202 6214      RDF
56 00203 1342      TAD CDF0
57 00204 3276      DCA CDIX      /SAVE RETURN 'CDI'
58 00205 7130      STL RAR      /4000
59 00206 1600      TAD I VAX     /PUT R/W BIT IN THE LINK
60 00207 0221 XON,    AND V70     /GET BUFFER FIELD
61 00210 1342      TAD CDF0
62 00211 3226      DCA TEMP      /PUT INLINE FOR ONCE-ONLY USE
63 00212 1311      TAD V3700
64 00213 0600      AND I VAX     /STRIP PAGE COUNT
65 00214 2200      ISZ VAX       /BUMP TO BUFFER ADDRESS
66 00215 7450      SNA
67 00216 5273      JMP VXIT      /IGNORE INITIALIZATION CALLS
68 00217 7041      CIA
69 00220 3301      DCA DWC       /SAVE DOUBLE-WORD COUNT
70
71      / WE FALL THROUGH THE CONSTANTS BELOW WITH AC=0
72
73      IFNZRO .&177-21          <'XON' & 'XOFF' WILL BE WRONG>
74 00221 0070 V70,    70
75 00222 0155 XSW,   -7623      /OR -7621
76 00223 0177 V177,  177
77
78 00224 1600      TAD I VAX     /GET BUFFER ADDRESS
79 00225 3300      DCA BAD
80 00226 7402 TEMP,  HLT        /CDF TO B.F.
81 00227 7420      SNL          /READ OR WRITE?
82 00230 5374      JMP READ
83
84 00231 7006 WRIT,  RTL        /SHIFT GUARD BIT
85 00232 7006      RTL
86 00233 7510      SPA          /TEST IT
87 00234 5247      JMP WNO3     /TIME FOR THE THIRD BYTE
88 00235 3226      DCA TEMP
89 00236 1700      TAD I BAD     /GET FIRST OR SECOND BYTE
90 00237 4316      JMS PUTC
91 00240 1700      TAD I BAD     /EXTRACT PART OF THIRD
92 00241 2300      ISZ BAD
93 00242 7400 V7400, 7400      /NOP
94 00243 0242      AND -1
95 00244 7104      CLL RAL      /PACK THE BITS TOGETHER
96 00245 1226      TAD TEMP
97 00246 5231      JMP WRIT     /SHIFT INTO PROPER POSITION
98
99 00247 4316 WNO3,  JMS PUTC    /AC HAS SHIFT REGISTER
100 00250 2301      ISZ DWC      /DONE?
101 00251 5231      JMP WRIT     /NO
102 00252 5273      JMP VXIT     /YES

```

103	00253	0000	INP,	0	/HOLDS ADDRESS OF INPUT ROUTINE
104	00254	4653		JMS I INP	/GET BYTE NO. 1
105	00255	3700		DCA I BAD	
106	00256	4653		JMS I INP	/GET BYTE NO. 2
107	00257	3316		DCA PUTC	
108	00260	4653		JMS I INP	/GET BYTE NO. 3
109	00261	4302		JMS SAVE	/STORE FIRST WORD
110	00262	1316		TAD PUTC	
111	00263	3700		DCA I BAD	
112	00264	1226		TAD TEMP	
113	00265	4302		JMS SAVE	/STORE SECOND WORD
114	00266	2301		ISZ DMC	
115	00267	5254		JMP INP+1	/DO THREE MORE
116	00270	1321		TAD XOFF	
117	00271	4316		JMS PUTC	
118	00272	4653		JMS I INP	/TEST IF WE SHOULD SEND XOFF
119					
120	00273	2200	VXIT,	ISZ VAX	/MOVE PAST BUFFER ADDRESS
121	00274	2200		ISZ VAX	/ " " BLOCK NUMBER
122	00275	2200		ISZ VAX	/ " " ERROR RETURN
123			/	TTCF	/BE NICE TO 'ION' PROGRAMS
124	00276	7402	CDIX,	HLT	/CDF CIF C.F.
125	00277	5600		JMP I VAX	
126					
127			IFNZRO	. &177-100	<'V3700' WON'T BE CORRECT>
128	00300	0000	BAD,	0	/BUFFER ADDRESS
129	00301	0000	DMC,	0	/BUFFER SIZE (%2)
130					
131	00302	0000	SAVE,	0	/STORE 1-1/2 BYTES IN 1 WORD
132	00303	7006		RTL	
133	00304	7006		RTL	/SHIFT HALF-BYTE TO BITS 0-3
134	00305	3226		DCA TEMP	
135	00306	1226		TAD TEMP	
136	00307	0242		AND V7400	
137	00310	1700		TAD I BAD	/MERGE WITH BITS 4-11
138	00311	3700	V3700,	DCA I BAD	
139	00312	2300		ISZ BAD	
140	00313	0175	M7603,	-7603	/CTRL/C TEST PROTECTS 'ISZ'
141	00314	7100		CLL	
142	00315	5702		JMP I SAVE	
143					
144	00316	0000	PUTC,	0	/OUTPUT ROUTINE
145	00317	3302		DCA SAVE	/SAVE CHARACTER
146	00320	1302		TAD SAVE	
147	00321	0223	XOFF,	AND V177	
148	00322	7440		SZA	
149	00323	1366		TAD MLF	/CHECK FOR LF, NULLS
150	00324	7650		SNA CLA	
151	00325	5364		JMP PXIT	/DON'T SEND EITHER ONE

152	00326	1302		TAD SAVE	/SEND IT AWAY
153	00327	6416		TTL5	
154	00330	0223		AND V177	
155	00331	1367		TAD M32	/CTRL/Z?
156	00332	7650		SNA CLA	
157	00333	5273		JMP VXIT	/LOGICAL END OF BUFFER
158					
159	00334	1344	EXON,	TAD V7600	/WATCH FOR ^C, ^X, ^Q
160	00335	6034		KRS	/'OR'
161	00336	1313		TAD M7603	
162	00337	7650		SNA CLA	/CTRL/C?
163	00340	6031		KSF	/YES: FLAG UP?
164	00341	5344		JMP V7600	/NO
165	00342	6201	CDF0,	CDF	/BE SURE TO DO THIS!
166	00343	5744		JMP I V7600	/RECALL OS/8 K.B.M.
167					
168	00344	7600	V7600,	7600	
169	00345	1344		TAD V7600	/SAME IDEA
170	00346	6404		KKRS	
171	00347	1222		TAD XSW	/EITHER '-XOFF' OR '-XON'
172	00350	7650		SNA CLA	
173	00351	6401		KKSF	
174	00352	5357		JMP PCHK	
175					
176	00353	1222		TAD XSW	/TOGGLE BETWEEN THE TWO
177	00354	7112		CLL RTR	
178	00355	7026		CML RTL	/SORT OF CLEVER WAY TO DO IT
179	00356	3222		DCA XSW	
180					
181	00357	7126	PCHK,	STL RTL	/2
182	00360	0222		AND XSW	/CHECK FOR 'XOFF' CONDITION
183	00361	7650		SNA CLA	
184	00362	6411		TTSF	
185	00363	5334		JMP EXON	/VAX IS BUSY AT THE MOMENT
186	00364	7120	PXIT,	STL	/SET GUARD BIT
187	00365	5716		JMP I PUTC	
188					
189	00366	7766	MLF,	-12	
190	00367	7746	M32,	-32	
191					
192		0374		*VAX!174	/PUT THIS AT THE VERY END
193	00374	1207	READ,	TAD XON	
194	00375	4316		JMS PUTC	/START THE VAX TALKING TO US
195	00376	7130		STL RAR	/4000
196	00377	4253		JMS INP	/PUTS ADDRESS OF PAGE 2 IN INP
197					
198		0400		PAGE	

```

199      /THIS PAGE HAS THE INPUT ROUTINE WHICH HAS TO RECOGNIZE
200      /WHEN THE VAX HAS FINISHED SENDING DATA SO IT CAN PUT A
201      /CTRL/Z IN THE BUFFER, FILL IT OUT WITH NULLS, AND TAKE
202      /THE ERROR RETURN WITHOUT SENDING 'XOFF'. THIS ROUTINE
203      /ALSO TURNS MULTIPLE LF'S INTO MULTIPLE CRLF'S AND BUF-
204      /FERS ANY EXTRA CHARACTERS WHICH ARE RECEIVED AFTER THE
205      /VAX HAS BEEN SENT AN 'XOFF'.
206
207      /THERE IS ONE PROBLEM: THE VAX TURNS FORMFEEDS INTO THE
208      /PROPER NUMBER OF LINEFEEDS (BASED ON THE PAGE SIZE) SO
209      /WE DO NOT GET BACK EXACTLY WHAT WE SENT. (BEST TO USE
210      /A PAGE SIZE OF 0.) NOTE: THIS HAS BEEN FIXED IN V2.0!
211      /JUST SET THE 'MECHFORM' OPTION FOR YOUR TERMINAL.
212
213      00400 0577  GETC,   (177           /GETS US V377
214      00401 7440      SZA
215      00402 5216      JMP NO1          /FIRST CALL
216      00403 7430      SZL
217      00404 5240      JMP EOB          /END OF BUFFER
218      00405 1347      TAD CHAR
219      00406 7710      SPA CLA          /READ FROM SILO?
220      00407 2210      ISZ .+1
221      00410 7402  HOLD,  HLT           /'TAD SILO'
222      00411 7450      SNA
223      00412 4301  BOB,   JMS FETCH
224      00413 0231      AND V377        /ONLY KEEP 8 BITS
225      00414 7100      CLL
226      00415 5600      JMP I GETC      /RETURN CHARACTER
227
228      00416 3347  NO1,   DCA CHAR      /4000
229      00417 1240      TAD EOB
230      00420 3210      DCA HOLD        /INITIALIZE SILO
231      00421 1301      TAD FETCH      /FIRST CALL AFTER EOF?
232      00422 7640      SZA CLA
233      00423 5207      JMP HOLD-1     /RETURN SAVED CHARACTERS
234      00424 3210      DCA HOLD
235      00425 6416      TTLS          /TERMINATE VAX COMMAND
236
237      00426 4264  GET2,  JMS CTRLC    /SKIP THE COMMAND LINE
238      00427 5226      JMP .-1
239      00430 6406      KKR8
240      00431 0377  V377,  AND (177     /FOUND THE LF YET?
241      00432 1376      TAD (-12
242      00433 7640      SZA CLA
243      00434 5226      JMP GET2
244      00435 4264      JMS CTRLC      /WAIT FOR FIRST CHARACTER
245      00436 5235      JMP .-1
246      00437 5212      JMP BOB        /IT TAKES A WHILE SOMETIMES...

```

247	00440	1347	EOB,	TAD CHAR	/REACHED EOF YET?
248	00441	7650		SNA CLA	
249	00442	5257		JMP DONE	/YES
250	00443	1216		TAD NO1	
251	00444	3252		DCA INST	/GET SILO POINTER
252					
253	00445	4301	BLOOP,	JMS FETCH	/GET THE NEXT CHARACTER
254	00446	3210		DCA HOLD	
255	00447	1210		TAD HOLD	/REACHED THE END YET?
256	00450	7440		SZA	
257	00451	2252		ISZ .+1	
258	00452	7402	INST,	HLT	/ 'DCA SILO'
259	00453	1210		TAD HOLD	
260	00454	7640		SZA CLA	/DONE?
261	00455	5245		JMP BLOOP	
262	00456	5600		JMP I GETC	/NO
263					
264	00457	3301	DONE,	DCA FETCH	/SET EOF FLAG
265	00460	1375		TAD (21	/YES
266	00461	6416		TTL5	/SEND 'XON'
267	00462	2200		ISZ GETC	/TAKE THE ERROR EXIT
268	00463	5600		JMP I GETC	
269					
270	00464	0000	CTRLC,	0	
271	00465	6401		KKSF	
272	00466	7610		SKP CLA	
273	00467	2264		ISZ CTRLC	
274	00470	1374		TAD (7600	
275	00471	6034		KRS	/CHECK KEYBOARD
276	00472	1373		TAD (-7603	
277	00473	7650		SNA CLA	
278	00474	6031		KSF	
279	00475	5664		JMP I CTRLC	
280	00476	6201		CDF	
281	00477	5774		JMP I (7600	
282					
283			IFNZRD	. &177-100	<DIDN'T GET THIS AT '300'>
284	00500	7777	DELAY,	-1	/ADJUST THIS IF NECESSARY

```

285 00501 0000  FETCH,  0
286 00502 1347      TAD CHAR      /CHECK FOR EOF
287 00503 2346      ISZ FLAG      /TURN CRLF, LF INTO CRLF, CRLF
288 00504 7650      SNA CLA
289 00505 5701      JMP I FETCH
290 00506 3345      DCA TIMEOUT    /INITIALIZE TIMEOUT LOOP
291 00507 1300      TAD DELAY
292 00510 3344      DCA TIMER
293
294 00511 4264  WAIT,  JMS CTRLC
295 00512 5335      JMP LOOP
296 00513 6406      KKR8          /GET CHARACTER
297 00514 3347      DCA CHAR
298 00515 1347      TAD CHAR
299 00516 0377      AND (177      /KEEP NULLS OUT OF BUFR
300 00517 7450      SNA
301 00520 5306      JMP WAIT-3
302 00521 1376      TAD (-12      /WATCH THOSE LINEFEEDS!
303 00522 7640      SZA CLA
304 00523 5333      JMP LOOP-2
305 00524 7160      STL CMA
306 00525 1346      TAD FLAG      /WAS LAST CHAR A LF TOO?
307 00526 7650      SNA CLA
308 00527 7160      STL CMA
309 00530 3346      DCA FLAG      /YES, REPLACE WITH CR/LF
310 00531 7430      SZL
311 00532 1372      TAD (3        /CR-LF
312 00533 1347      TAD CHAR
313 00534 5701      JMP I FETCH
314
315 00535 2344  LOOP,  ISZ TIMER    /ROUGHLY 100 MSEC
316 00536 5311      JMP WAIT
317 00537 2345      ISZ TIMEOUT
318 00540 5307      JMP WAIT-2
319 00541 3347      DCA CHAR      /SET EOF FLAG
320 00542 1371      TAD (32
321 00543 5701      JMP I FETCH    /RETURN CTRL/Z
322
323 00544 0000  TIMER,  0
324 00545 0000  TIMEOUT, 0
325
326 00546 0000  FLAG,   0          /MULTIPLE-LF FLAG
327 00547 0000  CHAR,   0          /JUST BEFORE SILO
328 00550 0000  SILO,   ZBLOCK 20 /SHOULD BE ENOUGH
329
330 00571 0032
331 00572 0003
332 00573 0175
333 00574 7600
334 00575 0021
335 00576 7766
336 00577 0177
337

```

\$END\$

BAD	0300	XON	0207
BLOOP	0445	XSW	0222
BOB	0412		
CDF0	0342		
CDIX	0276		
CHAR	0547		
CTRLC	0464		
DELAY	0500		
DONE	0457		
DWC	0301		
EOB	0440		
EXON	0334		
FETCH	0501		
FLAG	0546		
GETC	0400		
GET2	0426		
HOLD	0410		
INDVC	0040		
INP	0253		
INST	0452		
KKCC	6402		
KKRB	6406		
KKRS	6404		
KKSF	6401		
LOOP	0535		
MLF	0366		
M32	0367		
M7603	0313		
NO1	0416		
OUTDVC	0041		
PCHK	0357		
PUTC	0316		
PXIT	0364		
READ	0374		
SAVE	0302		
SILO	0550		
TEMP	0226		
TIMER	0544		
TIMOUT	0545		
TTCF	6412		
TTLS	6416		
TTSF	6411		
VAX	0200		
VERSIQ	0002		
VXIT	0273		
V177	0223		
V3700	0311		
V377	0431		
V70	0221		
V7400	0242		
V7600	0344		
WAIT	0511		
WNO3	0247		
WRIT	0231		
XOFF	0321		

V7600	159	164	166	168#	169
WAIT	294#	301	316	318	
WILL	73				
WNO3	87	99#			
WON	127				
WRIT	84#	97	101		
WRONG	73				
XOFF	73	116	147#		
XON	60#	73	193		
XSW	75#	171	176	179	182
_00571	320				
_00572	311				
_00573	276				
_00574	274	281			
_00575	265				
_00576	241	302			
_00577	213	240	299		

V6B

AT	283								
BAD	79	89	91	92	105	111	128#	137	138 139
BE	73	127							
BLOOP	253#	261							
BOB	223#	246							
CDF0	56	61	165#						
CDIX	57	124#							
CHAR	218	228	247	286	297	298	312	319	327#
CORREC	127								
CTRLC	237	244	270#	273	279	294			
DELAY	284#	291							
DIDN	283								
DONE	249	264#							
DWC	69	100	114	129#					
EOB	217	229	247#						
EXON	159#	185							
FETCH	223	231	253	264	285#	289	313	321	
FLAG	287	306	309	326#					
GET	283								
GETC	213#	226	262	267	268				
GET2	237#	243							
HOLD	221#	230	233	234	234	255	259		
INDVC	30#	30	31	33	34	35			
INP	103#	104	106	108	115	118	196		
INST	251	258#							
KKCC	34#	36							
KKRB	36#	239	296						
KKRS	35#	36	170						
KKSF	33#	173	271						
LOOP	295	304	315#						
MLF	149	189#							
M32	155	190#							
M7603	140#	161							
NO1	215	228#	250						
OUTDVC	31#	31	38	39	40				
PCHK	174	181#							
PUTC	90	99	107	110	117	144#	187	194	
PXIT	151	186#							
READ	82	193#							
SAVE	109	113	131#	142	145	146	152		
SILO	328#								
T	127	283							
TEMP	62	80#	88	96	112	134	135		
THIS	283								
TIMER	292	315	323#						
TIMOUT	290	317	324#						
TTCF	39#								
TTLS	40#	153	235	266					
TTSF	38#	184							
VAX	44	46	49	53#	59	64	65	78	120 121
	122	125	192						
VERSIO	28#	53							
VXIT	67	102	120#	157					
V177	76#	147	154						
V3700	63	127	138#						
V377	224	240#							
V70	60	74#							
V7400	93#	136							